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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/533,781	03/24/2000	Sriram Ramani	HP10992784	2479

22879 7590 12/03/2004

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EXAMINER

BASEHOAR, ADAM L

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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2178

DATE MAILED: 12/03/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

## Office Action Summary

**Application No.**

09/533,781

**Applicant(s)**

RAMANI ET AL.

**Examiner**

Adam L Basehoar

**Art Unit**

2178

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

### Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 07 September 2004.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

### Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

### Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

### Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)  
Paper No(s)/Mail Date \_\_\_\_\_
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)  
Paper No(s)/Mail Date: \_\_\_\_\_
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other: \_\_\_\_\_

### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. This action is responsive to communications: the RCE filed on 09/07/04 to the original application filed on 03/24/00.
2. The rejections of claims 1-20, at least under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jones et al (US: 6,493,731 12/10/02), are removed as necessitated by the amendments and arguments of the RCE.
3. Claims 1-20 are pending in this case. Claims 1, 11, and 18 are independent claims.

#### ***Claim Objections***

4. Claim 20 objected to because of the following informalities: Claim 20 includes the phrase "ending the updated....." The Examiner believes the claims as intended was to read "sending" the updated... Appropriate correction is required.

#### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102***

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Art Unit: 2178

6. Claims 1-6, 8-9, 11-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Byford (US-6,220,509 04/24/01).

-In regard to independent claims 1, 11, and 18, Byford teaches a first set of data fields (Fig. 2: 90), wherein the data fields represent attributes of a parent transaction and include a sub-identifier field (Fig. 2: 90: PARCEL ID); and

wherein a first set of metadata populates the first set of data fields (Fig. 2: 90: PARCEL ID, LOCATION, SERVICE) and describes the attributes represented by the first set of data fields, the sub-identifier field including metadata (i.e. PARCEL ID) from the first set of metadata that identifies a second transaction (Fig. 2: Database 20), the metadata in the sub-identifier field including linking data (i.e. PARCEL ID generated at both locations and linked by URL) generated by the secondary transaction to link the secondary transaction to the active document, and changing the contents of the active document if corresponding contents of the second transaction have been changed (columns 2 & 3, lines 66-67 & 1-5).

-In regard to dependent claim 2, Byford teaches a parent transaction resource comprising the first set of data fields (Fig. 2: Database 90) and the first set of metadata (Fig. 2: 90: PARCEL ID, LOCATION, SERVICE).

-In regard to dependent claims 3-4 and 12-13, Byford teaches wherein the sub-identifier field (Fig. 2: 90: PARCEL ID) links the parent transaction resource to a sub transaction resource (Fig. 2: 20) which comprises a second set of data fields (Fig. 2: Database 20) and a second set of metadata (Fig. 2: 20: PARCEL ID, URL-TCP/IP, CLIENT, LOCATION) that represent the

Art Unit: 2178

attributes of the secondary transaction (parcel delivery), wherein changes in the secondary transaction (column 3, lines 35-44) would be reflected in the parent transaction resource via the link (columns 2 & 3, lines 66-67 & 1-5). Byford further teaches wherein the second set of metadata (Fig. 2: 20: PARCEL ID, URL-TCP/IP, CLIENT, LOCATION) comprises relational data that corresponds to the first set of data fields (Fig. 2: 90: PARCEL ID, LOCATION, SERVICE) and wherein a change to the transaction specific data was made in the corresponding data field by populating the corresponding data field with transaction specific data (columns 2 & 3, lines 66-67 & 1-5).

-In regard to dependent claim 5, Byford teaches wherein the first set of metadata was stored in a repository (Fig. 2: 80) that was accessed by a core (controller)(Fig. 2: 70).

-In regard to dependent claim 6, Byford teaches wherein the core matches the sub-identifier field to the secondary transaction resource and updates the first of data fields by populating at least one data field with data generated by the secondary transaction (columns 2 & 3, lines 54-67 & 1-5).

-In regard to dependent claims 8 and 19, Byford teaches wherein the data fields include permission fields (Fig. 2: 90: URL) which includes metadata (i.e. the client's URL) that specifies who can access the active document (i.e. only clients at that address) and allowing client access to the document if the client is permitted to access the parent transaction resource (columns 2 & 3, lines 46-53 & 35-38).

-In regard to dependent claim 9, Byford teaches wherein the data fields include a second sub-identifier (Fig. 2: 90: Additional PARCEL IDs: Links all sub-transaction resources related to the parent transaction through the URL) that includes metadata that identifies a second secondary transaction (Fig. 2: 90: PARCEL ID, LOCATION, SERVICE), linking data generated by the second transaction to the active document in the same way as the first transaction (column 3, lines 35-49).

-In regard to dependent claim 14, Byford teaches populating the sub-identifier field with metadata that identifies the secondary transaction (column 3, lines 35-49); and

populating the identifier field with metadata that identifies the parent transaction (column 3, lines 35-49).

-In regard to dependent claim 15, Byford teaches registering the parent transaction resource and the sub-transaction resource in a repository (Fig. 2: 60, 80, 90), whereby the first set of metadata and the second set may be accessed and update (column 2, lines 66-67 & 1-5).

-In regard to dependent claims 16 and 17, Byford teaches wherein the code submitted was possibly written in the Perl programming language which supports extensible markup language, wherein the code comprises the first set of data fields and the first set of metadata via the database (column 3, lines 5-10).

Art Unit: 2178

-In regard to dependent claim 20, Byford teach displaying the updated transaction to the client using a web browser (column 3, lines 28-34)(Fig. 2: 90).

7. Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Byford (US-6,220,509 04/24/01) in view of W3C's "XML 1.0", 02/10/98 <http://www.w3.org/TR/1998/REC-xml-19980210#sec-intro>.

-In regard to dependent claim 7, Byford teaches wherein the active document was capable of being displayed by a web browser (column 3, lines 28-34)(Fig. 2: 90). Byford also teaches wherein the active document could be written in PERL and other programming languages that were well known to support extensible markup language. Byford does not specifically teach wherein the active document was written in extensible markup language. W3C teaches that it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention, to have written the transactions in XML, because XML documents were known to be easy to write and process for web based applications (Introduction).

8. Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Byford (US-6,220,509 04/24/01) in further view Tabb et al (US: 6,493,731 02/11/97).

-In regard to dependent claim 10, Byford teaches wherein the active document and the secondary document were parcel delivery orders. Byford does not teach where the parent document was a purchase order and where the secondary documents was a sales order. Tabb et al teach a similar document database system wherein the active document was a purchase order and the linked secondary document was a sales order (Fig. 7B). It would have been obvious to

Art Unit: 2178

one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention, for Byford to have displayed linked purchase and sales orders with the parcel delivery source, because Tabb et al teach that by doing so users can automatically be kept up-to-date with all related data pertaining to the status of their delivery order (Abstract). It was also notoriously well known at the time of the invention that delivery services charged a fee for their service including shipping and handling and thus as discussed in the Tabb et al reference should have automatically cross-indexed and linked the data to the delivery order to keep users referenced with all the up-to-date data.

### ***Response to Arguments***

9. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-20 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

### ***Conclusion***

10. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

US-6,757,710	06-2004	Reed
US-6,298,352	10-2001	Kannan et al.
US-6,609,113	08-2003	O'Leary et al.
US-2004/0225546	11-2004	Oberdorfer et al.
US-2004/0193552	09-2004	Ikenaga et al.



Art Unit: 2178

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Adam L Basehoar whose telephone number is (571)-272-4121..

The examiner can normally be reached on M-F: 7:00am - 4:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Steve Hong can be reached on (703) 308-5465. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

ALB



STEPHEN S. HONG  
PRIMARY EXAMINER